



COATING

Success Stories



CVD Coating

Name	Material	Microhardness HV 0.05	Friction Coefficient	Coating Temperature (°C)	Thickness [µm]	Max. Application Temperature (°C)	Color	General Characteristic	Application Recommendations
CVD TiC	TiC	3.700 ± 500	0,2	~1000	max. 9	300	gray metallic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Extremely high hardness » High adhesive strength 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Drawing, punching, pressing and forming tools: Machining of ferrous metals and sheet steel (especially stainless steels)
CVD TiC/TiN	TiC/TiN	2.700 ± 300	0,6	~1000	8 – 10	500	gold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high hardness » High adhesive strength 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Indexable inserts in machining or roughing of not too strong steels » Drawing, punching, pressing and forming tools for aluminum clad or galvanized galvanized sheets
	TiN/TiC	3.000 ± 300	0,2	~1000	max. 10	450	grey metallic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high hardness » High adhesive strength » Higher hardness compared to TiC/TiN 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Drawing, punching, pressing and forming tools: Processing of ferrous metals and steel plates (especially for thicker plates with high surface pressures)

CVD = Chemical Vapour Deposition

Is a coating process in which thermally induced chemical reactions at temperatures of approx. 1000 °C are used to initiate coating synthesis from a specific gas mixture-precursor combination.

The CVD coatings can be deposited on hard metal or steel materials. CVD-coated steel substrates have to be post-hardened by a subsequent heat treatment in order to restore the defined microstructure and the necessary supporting effect of the base material. CVD is used as a coating process for increasing wear resistance, especially for the forming industry, but is also used in various applications in machining production.

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CARBON-X®	α-C : H	2.400 ± 400	0,05 – 0,15	1,5 – 2,5	325	black gray	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Maximum wear resistance due to high coating hardness » Low coefficients of friction and reduced adhesions » High tool performance and running performance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Cutting of non-ferrous metals » Cutting of non-ferrous metals » Cold forming » Plastic injection molding and components
CARBON-X®-AL	α-C : H	2.400 ± 400	0,05 – 0,10	3 – 4	325	dark grey	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Maximum wear resistance due to high coating hardness » Low coefficients of friction and reduced adhesions » High tool performance and running performance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Forming of aluminum
CrN	CrN	2000 ± 600	0,3 – 0,4	1 – 6	600	slate gray	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High hardness and adhesion » Very good chemical resistance » Low coefficient of friction against steel » High air temperature resistance » Low residual stress » Thicker layers possible 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Metal forming » Plastics processing (improved demolding, corrosive and abrasive wear) » Aluminum and magnesium die casting » Machining of non-ferrous metals
CrCN	CrCN	2.300 ± 200	0,2 – 0,3	2 – 6	600	silver-gray	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Hohe Härte und Haftfestigkeit » Sehr gute chemische Beständigkeit » Geringer Reibungskoeffizient gegen Stahl » Hohe Luft Temperaturbeständigkeit » Niedrige Eigenspannung » Dickere Schichten möglich 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Metal forming » Plastics processing (improved demolding, corrosive and abrasive wear) » Aluminum and magnesium die casting » Machining of non-ferrous metals
CrN Multilage	CrN	2000 ± 200	0,3 – 0,4	2 – 6	600	silver-gray	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High hardness and adhesion » Very good chemical resistance » High air temperature resistance » Significantly improved corrosion resistance due to multilayer layer structure (e.g. plastic injection molding: processing of PVC or flame retardant) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Plastics processing (improved demolding, corrosive and abrasive wear) » Drawing, stamping, pressing and forming dies for the processing of non-ferrous metals (especially Ti, Cu) » Mg die casting (improved demolding)
CROSAL®-plus	AlCrN	3.200 ± 300	0,45	2 – 5	1.100	slate gray	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High oxidation resistance » Excellent hot hardness » Excellent adhesion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Machining and high performance machining » Gear cutting, dry broaching » Stamping, forming, fine blanking » Hot pressing » Aluminum die casting

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DUMATIC®	Duplex TiC-Multilayer	3.700 ± 500 Top layer 2.600 ± 300 Layer composite	0,25	3 – 5	400	reddish-grey	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Highest hardness and abrasion resistance for forming » Tough layer structure » Enormous wear resistance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Cold forming » Cutting of high-strength sheet metal » Cold forming processes with high surface pressure » Drawing, punching, pressing & forming tools for the processing of high-alloy Cr-Ni materials
Duplex-VARIANTIC®	Duplex TiAlCN	3.500 ± 500		2 – 4	800	old pink	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Significant friction reduction » Multilayer structure » High wear resistance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Grinding and milling of steels » Sheet steel and cold solid forming » Especially for high pressure loads in the tool
Duplex-VARIANTIC®-1000	Duplex TiAlCN	4.000 ± 200	0,6 – 0,7	ca. 9	800	dark red gold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High layer adhesion excellent abrasive wear protection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Drawing, pressing and forming tools for the processing of high-strength steels
Duplex-VARIANTIC®-1400	Duplex TiAlCN	3.000 ± 200	0,05 – 0,15	5 – 7	800	gold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Excellent resistance against abrasive and adhesive wear » Very good adhesion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Cold forming of steel grades from 1,000 to 1,400MPa » Punching/cutting of steel grades ≥1,000MPa
EXXTRAL®	AlTiN Monolayer	3.300 ± 300	0,7	2 – 5	800	anthracite	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High oxidation resistance (800 °C) » High hot hardness » Chemical resistance » Low heat conduction coefficient 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Milling, drilling, and turning. » No need for cooling lubricant » Forming technology
EXXTRAL®-plus	AlTiN	3.300 ± 300	0,7	2 – 5	800	anthracite	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Particularly smooth and dense » High oxidation resistance (800°C) » High hot hardness » Increased toughness » Chemical resistance » Low coefficient of thermal conductivity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Drilling » Increased corrosion resistance » Cold and semi-hot forming of steel materials » Cutting of thicker steel sheets » Machining of Al sheets



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EXXTRAL®-silber	AlTiCrN	3.300 ± 300	0,4	2 – 4	800	silver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High oxidation resistance (800 °C) » High hot hardness » Chemical resistance » Low heat conduction coefficient » Reduced cold welding » Reduced adhesion tendency of Al & non-ferrous metals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Machining of Al alloys, stainless steel, gray cast iron » Forming of Al sheets
EXXTRAL®-ultrafine	AlTiN	3.300 ± 300	0,4	2 – 3	800	anthracite	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High oxidation resistance (800 °C) » High hot hardness » Chemical resistance » Low heat conduction coefficient » Particularly smooth, defect-free coating surface 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Milling, drilling and turning with high mechanical and thermal loads (max. 800 °C)
MoX2®	MoS2	< 500	0,1	1	400	anthracite	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Can be combined with any PVD or CVD hard coating to be used » Suitable substrate hardness required » Reduction of adhesion and abrasion effects » Reduction of lubricants 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Better chip removal » Less built-up edge formation » Lower adhesion and abrasion effects » Forming and stamping of stainless steel, non-ferrous metals and Al alloys » Self-lubrication support during lubricant degradation
SISTRAL®	AlTiN based (nanostructured)	2.500 ± 300	0,7	1 – 4	900	anthracite	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high oxidation resistance » High hot hardness » Chemical resistance » Low tendency to crack formation » Low coefficient of thermal conductivity » High wear resistance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High performance machining of very abrasive or hard materials (steel > 54 HRC) in dry high-speed operation » Punching of VA grades
SISTRAL®-plus	AlTiN based (nanostructured)	2.800 ± 300	0,7-0,8	2 – 4	900	petrol	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high oxidation resistance » High hot hardness » Chemical resistance » Low tendency to crack » Low coefficient of thermal conductivity » High wear resistance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Dry hard cutting » Milling of workpieces with up to 66 HRC
SISTRAL®-gold	AlTiN basiert (nanostructured)	3.000 ± 500	0,6	1 – 4	900	gold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High hot hardness » High wear resistance » Easy wear indication » Low tendency to welding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High performance machining of difficult machinable materials » Like VA steel, titanium or Inconel

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SISTRAL® ultrafine	AlTiN (nanostructured)	2.500 ± 300		2 – 3	900	anthracite blue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high oxidation resistance » Very high wear resistance » High hot hardness » Particularly smooth, defect-free coating surface 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Hard, dry and high performance machining » Drilling, turning, sawing
SUBLIME®	AlCrN/ AlTiN based	3.300 ± 200	0,7 – 0,8	2 – 4 ± 1	1.100	grey	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high hot hardness » Very high oxidation resistance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Gear cutting - dry machining » Gear cutting - wet machining
SUCASLIDE®	a-C : Me	1.000 – 1.200	0,05 – 0,1	1,5 – 2,5	400	black	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Good adhesion » High hardness » Sufficient coating thickness » Low coefficient of friction » Very dense and smooth coating structure » Biocompatible 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Forming and cutting tools for non-ferrous metals, especially Al » Injection molding: molding surfaces, slides and ejectors (completely dry machining possible) » Gear wheels, bearings, sealing and guide elements » paper knives, industrial blades » food and medical technology
SUPRAL	TiAlCN	3.500 ± 500	< 0,5	2 – 5	800	black	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High oxidation resistance » Chemical resistance » Low coefficient of thermal conduction » Low coefficient of friction » High hot hardness 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » drilling of steel up to 45HRC » carbide, cermet and HSS tools » cast iron machining » High speed machining » Semi-dry, dry machining » Punching of steel sheets
TiCN	TiCN (multilayer)	3.500 ± 500	0,2	1 – 4	400	blue-grey	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high hardness » High adhesive strength » Good wear resistance » Improved toughness » Low coefficient of friction » High thermal conductivity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Milling, turning, drilling and cutting tools for high and low alloy steels » High feed and cutting speeds » HSS milling cutters (cooled steel machining) » Drawing, punching, pressing and forming tools for high-alloy and low-alloy steels » Cold forming steel and stainless stainless steel
TiCN ultrafine	TiCN (multilayer)	3.500 ± 500		2 – 3	400	anthracite blue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Very high hardness » High adhesive strength » Good wear resistance » Improved toughness » High thermal conductivity » Particularly smooth, defect-free coating surface 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Milling, turning, drilling and cutting of high - and low-alloy steels (max. 400 °C) » Forming tools: reduced surface roughness, excellent sliding behavior, low use of lubricants

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TIGRAL®	AlCrTiN	3.300 ± 300	0,6	3 – 5	900	dark gray	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High hot hardness » Oxidation resistance » Abrasion resistance » Resistance to microcracks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Wear protection of Al die casting molds » Dry machining » Reaming of medium, higher alloyed steels » Hot forming of sheet metal or solid material » Cold forming of sheet metal (low cold welding with steel)
TiN	TiN	2.300 ± 300	0,6	1 – 4	500	gold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » All-round high performance coating 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Machining, cutting of ferrous metals and steel materials » Hobbing, drilling, tapping » Drawing, punching, pressing, forming » Injection molding (demolding, wear protection) » Food industry, medical technology
TiN ultrafine	TiN	2.800 ± 150		2 – 4	500	gold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » All-round high-performance coating » Particularly smooth, defect-free coating surface 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Demolding improvement of injection molded parts » Forming technology
TOPMATIC®	TiAlN	2.800 ± 300	0,6	5 – 10	700	aubergine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Adhesion and coating thickness similar to CVD » For uniform abrasive wear » Enormous wear cushion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Forming and cutting of sheet steel » Cold forming
VARIANTIC®	TiAlCN	3.500 ± 500	0,2	2 – 4	800	old pink	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Significant friction reduction » Multilayer structure » High wear resistance » Tough, hard and resistant up to 800 °C 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Reaming and milling of steels » Punching/forming of sheet steel » Cold forming at high compressive loads
ZrCN	ZrCN	3.100 ± 300	0,5	1 – 4	600	brownish silver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Wear resistance » High hardness » Excellent corrosion resistance » Low coefficient of friction » Good adhesion of the coating 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Machining of Al alloys and non-ferrous metals » Stamping/forming of light metals (if cold overlay welding with TiN) » Corrosion protection with simultaneous high abrasion resistance
ZrN	ZrN	2.800 ± 300	0,5	1 – 4	600	light yellow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Wear resistance » High hardness » Excellent corrosion resistance » Biocompatible 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » High performance machining » Hobbing, dry broaching, fine blanking, hot pressing » Al die casting » Abrasive and adhesive wear

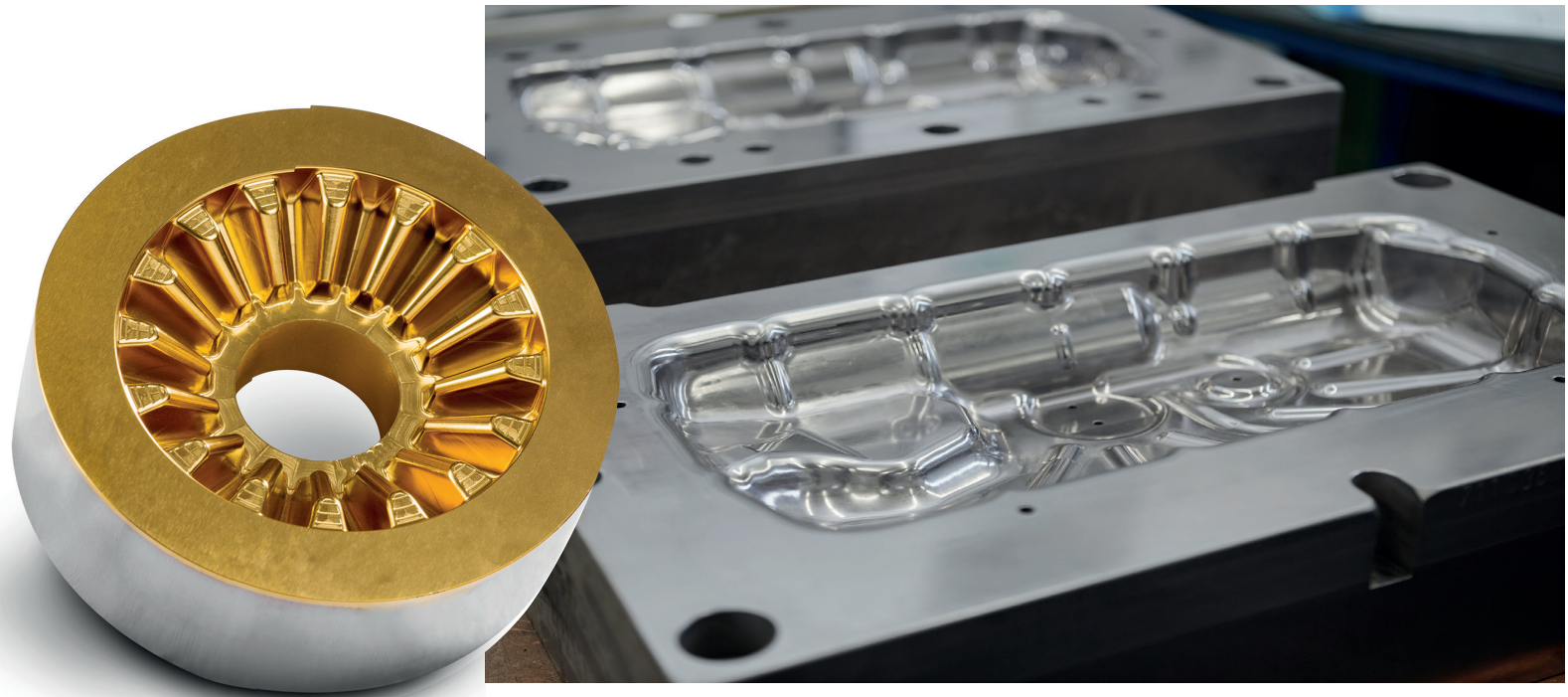
PVD = Physical Vapour Deposition

is a process for the synthesis of hard coatings based on ionized metal vapor at process temperatures of approx. 450 °C. The most common methods used by the voestalpine eifeler Group are cathodic sputtering (magnetron sputtering) and cathodic arc evaporation (cathodic arc).

Sputtering involves bombarding a metal target with energy-landed noble gas ions to enable film growth. The arc process, in contrast, uses an arc discharge in a vacuum to vaporize the respective starting metal. To produce the ceramic (nitride) hard coatings, specific reactive gases (e.g. nitrogen) are also added, resulting in the deposition of a micrometer-thin hard coating layer with the respective chemical composition on the tool to be coated. For reasons of purity, all PVD processes are carried out under vacuum conditions.

Duplexbehandlung = Plasma Nitriding + PVD Coating System in One Process

The PVD duplex treatment comprises a nitriding of the tool surface based on a specifically adapted plasma process, on which the immediately subsequent deposition of a PVD layer takes place without interrupting the vacuum process. This combined procedure (2-steps in one process) leads to a defined increase in the surface strength and load-bearing capacity of the tool / component with subsequent targeted coating application.



Contact our expert for more information:



Anna Mad

Business Development Manager
3D Printing, Coating & Components
+43 / 664 / 615 60 16
anna.mad@voestalpine.com

voestalpine High Performance Metals International GmbH

DC-Tower, Donau-City-Strasse 7, 1220 Wien

T. +43/50304/30

F. +43/50304/70-23210

E. office.hpm_international@voestalpine.com

www.voestalpine.com/highperformancemetals/international/en/service/coating/

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